1. (Currently Amended) An active pixel sensor circuit comprising:

a photodetector;

an access transistor connected to the photodetector;

an electronically reconfigurable transistor, successively operated as a source follower driver and a feedback amplifier, connected to an output of the access transistor and to a signal output bus; and

a reset transistor connected between the access transistor and the amplifier electronically reconfigurable transistor, wherein the reset transistor is reset with a tapered reset signal; and

a first column buffer connected to the electronically reconfigurable transistor and to the reset transistor, the first column buffer comprising:

a first switch transistor connected to the reset transistor; and
a second switch transistor connected to the electronically reconfigurable
transistor;

wherein during a reset operation, the first and second switch transistors connect the reset transistor with the electronically reconfigurable transistor to form a feedback path.

- 2. (Original) The circuit of Claim 1, wherein the transistors are MOSFETs of identical polarity.
 - 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) The circuit of Claim 3 2, further comprising a second column buffer connected to the signal output bus.
- 5. (Original) The circuit of Claim 4, further comprising a row disable transistor connected to the reset transistor.

- 6. (Original) The circuit of Claim 5, wherein the first column buffer, second column buffer and row disable transistor are connected to a plurality of active pixel sensor circuits.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The circuit of Claim 6, wherein the electronically reconfigurable transistor operates as a driver of a source follower amplifier when a signal from the photodetector is being read out on a row-by-row basis, and operates as a driver of a reset amplifier when the photodetector is being reset.
 - 8. (Cancelled)
 - 9. (Cancelled)
 - 10. (Currently Amended) A CMOS imager array comprising a plurality of pixels, each pixel

comprising:

a photodetector;

an access MOSFET having a source connected to the photodetector;

an amplifier MOSFET having a gate connected to a drain of the access MOSFET, a source connected to a signal bus, and a drain connected to a column buffer;

a reset MOSFET having a source connected to the drain of the access MOSFET, a drain connected to the column buffer, and a gate connected to a tapered reset signal generator; and

a distributed feedback amplifier comprising the amplifier MOSFET, the reset MOSFET and the column buffer to taper reset the photodetector,

wherein the column buffer comprises:

a first switch transistor connected to drain of the reset MOSFET; and

a second switch transistor connected to the drain of the amplifier MOSFET;

wherein during a reset operation, the first and second switch transistors connect the drain of the reset MOSFET with the drain of the amplifier MOSFET to form a feedback path.

- 11. (Original) The imager array of Claim 10, further comprising a row disable MOSFET having a source connected to the drain of the reset MOSFET and a drain connected to a row disable signal generator.
- 12. (Original) The imager array of Claim 11, further comprising an access signal generator connected to the gate of the access MOSFET.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The imager array of Claim 12, further comprising a second column buffer connected to the signal bus.
- 14. (Original) The imager array of Claim 13, wherein the MOSFETs within each pixel are of identical polarity.
- 15. (Original) The imager array of Claim 14, wherein the photodetector comprises a substrate diode with the silicide cleared.
 - 16. (Cancelled)
 - 17. (New) An active pixel sensor circuit comprising:

a photodetector;

an access transistor connected to the photodetector;

an amplifier transistor, connected to an output of the access transistor and to a signal output bus;

a reset transistor connected between the access transistor and the amplifier transistor, wherein the reset transistor is reset with a tapered reset signal; and

a first column buffer connected to the amplifier transistor and to the reset transistor, the first column buffer comprising:

a first switch transistor connected to the reset transistor; and
a second switch transistor connected to the amplifier transistor;
wherein during a reset operation, the first and second switch transistors
connect the reset transistor with the amplifier transistor to form a feedback path.